Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758

watco[®] SAFETY DATA SHEET

Epoxicote High Build - Curing Agent

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

: Epoxicote High Build - Curing Agent

Product name Product description Product type UFI

: Floorcoating.

: Liquid.

: GXC1-X0S7-500N-49KT

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

| Identified uses Consumer use Professional use Industrial use | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| | | | |
| None identified. | - | | |

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Watco UK Limited Eastgate Court 195-205 High Street Guildford Surrey GU1 3EH Telephone no.: +44 (0) 1483 425000 (08:00 - 18:00) Fax no.: +44 (0) 1483 428888

e-mail address of person : rpmeurohas@rustoleum.eu responsible for this SDS

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Supplier

Telephone number United Kingdom: : +44 870 8200418 / +44 2038073798 Great Britain

Hours of operation

: 24/7

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

| 2.1 Classification of the | substance or mixture | | |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Product definition | : Mixture | | |
| Classification accordi | ng to Regulation (EC) No. 1272 | <u>2/2008 [CLP/GHS]</u> | |
| Acute Tox. 4, H302 | | | |
| Skin Corr. 1C, H314 | | | |
| Eye Dam. 1, H318 | | | |
| Skin Sens. 1, H317 | | | |
| Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | 2 | | |
| The product is classified | l as hazardous according to Reg | gulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended. | |
| See Section 16 for the f | ull text of the H statements decla | ared above. | |
| See Section 11 for more | e detailed information on health e | effects and symptoms. | |

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

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2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



| Signal word | : Danger |
|---|--|
| Hazard statements | H302 - Harmful if swallowed. H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| Precautionary statements | |
| General | P103 - Read carefully and follow all instructions. P102 - Keep out of reach of children. P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. |
| Prevention | : P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. |
| Response | P301 + P310, P330, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. P303 + P361 + P353, P310 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. |
| Storage | : P405 - Store locked up. |
| Disposal | : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
| Hazardous ingredients | benzyl alcohol 4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro- 2,3-epoxypropane, reaction products with 3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine 3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine |
| Supplemental label elements | : Not applicable. |
| Supplemental label elements : Detergents - Regulation (EC) No 907/2006 | : Not applicable. |
| Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles | : Not applicable. |
| Special packaging requirem | <u>nts</u> |
| Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings | : Yes, applicable. |
| Tactile warning of danger | : Yes, applicable. |
| | |

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Epoxicote High Build - Curing Agent

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

: Mixture **United Kingdom: Great Britain**

| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers | % | Classification | Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs | Туре |
|---|--|-----------|---|---|------|
| benzyl alcohol | REACH #: 01-2119492630-38 EC: 202-859-9 CAS: 100-51-6 Index: 603-057-00-5 | ≥50 - ≤75 | Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 | ATE [Oral] = 1620 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 4,178 mg/l | [1] |
| 4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro- 2,3-epoxypropane, reaction products with 3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine | EC: 500-101-4 CAS: 38294-64-3 | ≥25 - ≤50 | Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | - | [1] |
| 3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine | REACH #: 01-2119514687-32 EC: 220-666-8 CAS: 2855-13-2 Index: 612-067-00-9 | ≥25 - ≤50 | Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 | ATE [Oral] = 1030 mg/kg Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0,001% | [1] |
| | | | See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above. | | |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

| 4.1 Description of first | aid measures |
|--------------------------|---|
| Eye contact | : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. |
| Inhalation | : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. |

SECTION 4: First aid measures

| Skin contact | : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. |
|----------------------------|---|
| Ingestion | : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. |

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed **Over-exposure signs/symptoms** Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness Inhalation : No specific data. **Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. Notes to physician The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

| 5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing | : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. |
|---|---|
| media | |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : None known. |
| 5.2 Special hazards arising f | rom the substance or mixture |

Hazards from the substance or mixture : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Specific treatments

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures Hazardous combustion : Decomposition products may include the following materials: products carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds 5.3 Advice for firefighters **Special protective actions** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if for fire-fighters there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. **Special protective** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. equipment for fire-fighters Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

| 6.1 Personal precautions, pro | teo | ctive equipment and emergency procedures |
|---------------------------------|-----|---|
| For non-emergency personnel | : | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
| For emergency responders | : | If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| 6.2 Environmental precautions | : | Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. |
| 6.3 Methods and material for o | col | ntainment and cleaning up |
| Small spill | : | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. |
| Large spill | : | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. |
| 6.4 Reference to other sections | : | See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information. |

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

| Protective measures | : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
|--|---|
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

| 7.3 Specific end use(s) | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|
| Recommendations | : Not available. |
| Industrial sector specific solutions | : Not available. |

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace **Recommended monitoring** 2 atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness procedures of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

| Product/ingredient name | Туре | Exposure | Value | Population | Effects |
|--|--------------|---|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|
| benzyl alcohol | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 47 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 450 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 9,5 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 90 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 28,5 mg/ kg bw/day | General population [Consumers] | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 40,55 mg/ m³ | General population [Consumers] | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Oral | 25 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 5,7 mg/kg bw/day | [Consumers] General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 8,11 mg/m³ | [Consumers] General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 5 mg/kg bw/day | [Consumers] General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 20 mg/kg | [Consumers] General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | 4 mg/kg | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL DNEL | Long term Dermal Short term Oral | 8 mg/kg 20 mg/kg | Workers General population | Systemic Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 4 mg/kg | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 27 mg/m³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 5,4 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic |
| | | Long term Inhalation Short term | 22 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL DNEL | Short term Inhalation Short term Dermal | 110 mg/m ³ 40 mg/kg | Workers Workers | Systemic Systemic |
| 4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol, oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro-2,3-epoxypropane, reaction products with 3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine | DNEL | Long term Oral | 0,05 mg/ kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 0,05 mg/ kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 0,14 mg/ kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 0,175 mg/ m ³ | General population | Systemic |
| 3 aminomethy | | Long term Inhalation Short term | 0,98 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| 3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 20,1 mg/m ³ | WUIKEIS | Local |

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DNEL Long term Oral 0,526 mg/ kg bw/day General population Systemic

| Product/ingredient name | Compartment Detail | Value | Method Detail |
|--|---------------------------|-------------|--------------------|
| penzyl alcohol | Fresh water | 1 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | Marine | 0,1 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | Fresh water sediment | 5,27 mg/kg | Assessment Factors |
| | Marine water sediment | 0,527 mg/kg | Assessment Factors |
| | Soil | 0,456 mg/kg | Assessment Factors |
| | Sewage Treatment Plant | 39 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | Fresh water | 2,3 mg/l | - |
| | Sewage Treatment Plant | 39 mg/l | - |
| | Fresh water sediment | 5,27 mg/kg | - |
| | Soil | 0,456 mg/kg | - |
| | Marine water sediment | 0,527 mg/kg | - |
| | Fresh water | 1 mg/l | - |
| | Marine water | 0,1 mg/l | - |
| 3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine | Fresh water | 0,06 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | Marine | 0,006 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | Fresh water sediment | 5,784 mg/kg | Assessment Factors |
| | Marine water sediment | 0,578 mg/kg | Assessment Factors |
| | Sewage Treatment Plant | 3,18 mg/l | Assessment Factors |
| | Soil | 1,121 mg/kg | Assessment Factors |

8.2 Exposure controls

| Appropriate engineering controls | If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Individual protection measures | <u>5</u> |
| Hygiene measures | Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. |
| Eye/face protection | Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. Use eye protection according to EN 166. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead. Recommended: safety glasses with side-shields. (EN 166) |

Skin protection

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

| Hand protection | : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber or butyl rubber (0.6 mm) gloves |
|---------------------------------|---|
| | The recommendation for the type or types of glove to use when handling this product is based on information from the following source: EN374. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. |
| Body protection | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Recommended: Wear overalls or long sleeved shirt. (EN 467) |
| Other skin protection | Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Respiratory protection | : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter (as filter combination A-P2) (EN 141) |
| Environmental exposure controls | : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. |

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Physical state | : Liquid. |
|---|--|
| Colour | : Yellow. Colourless. |
| Odour | : Not available. |
| Odour threshold | : Not available. |
| | |
| Melting point/freezing point | : Not available. |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | : Not relevant due to nature of the product. |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : Not available. |
| Lower and upper explosion limit | : Not available. |
| Flash point | : Closed cup: >104°C (>219,2°F) [Literature] |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : Not relevant due to nature of the product. |
| Decomposition temperature | : Not available. |
| рН | : Not applicable. |
| pH : Justification | : Product is non-soluble (in water). |
| Viscosity | : Not available. |
| Solubility(ies) | : |
| Not available. | |

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Solubility in water

: Not available.

Miscible with water : No.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable. water

Vapour pressure

| | Va | apour Press | sure at 20°C | V | Vapour pressure at 50°C | | |
|--|---|-------------|--------------|-------|-------------------------|--------|--|
| Ingredient name | mm Hg | kPa | Method | mm Hg | kPa | Method | |
| benzyl alcohol | 0,05 | 0,0067 | | | | | |
| 3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine | 0,01 | 0,0013 | OECD 104 | | | | |
| vaporation rate | : Not | available. | | | | | |
| elative density | : 1,0 | 5 to 1,1 | | | | | |
| ensity | : 1 to 1,06 g/cm³ [20°C (68°F)] [DIN 53217] | | | | | | |
| apour density | : Not available. | | | | | | |
| xplosive properties | : Not available. | | | | | | |
| Dividising properties | : Not | available. | | | | | |
| article characteristics | | | | | | | |
| Median particle size | • Not | applicable. | | | | | |

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

| 10.1 Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredier | nts. |
|--|---|----------|
| 10.2 Chemical stability | : The product is stable. | |
| 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur | . |
| 10.4 Conditions to avoid | : No specific data. | |
| 10.5 Incompatible materials | : No specific data. | |
| 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition product should not be produced. | ts |

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

| Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|---------------------------------|---|---|---|
| LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | 4,178 mg/l | 4 hours |
| LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 2000 mg/kg | - |
| LD50 Oral | Rat | 1620 mg/kg | - |
| LD50 Oral | Rat | 1660 mg/kg | - |
| 3-aminomethyl- LD50 Oral | | 1030 mg/kg | - |
| | | | |
| | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LD50 Oral | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mistsRatLD50 DermalRabbitLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRatLD50 OralRat | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mistsRat4,178 mg/lLD50 DermalRabbit2000 mg/kgLD50 OralRat1620 mg/kgLD50 OralRat1660 mg/kgLD50 OralRat1030 mg/kg |

Conclusion/Summary : Harmful if swallowed. <u>Acute toxicity estimates</u>

| Product/ingredient name Epoxicote High Build - Curing Agent benzyl alcohol 3-aminomethyl-3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine | | | (mg/ I) | Dermal (mg/kg) | (gas | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) N/A N/A N/A | | on rs)) | Inhalation (dusts and mists (mg/l) N/A 4,178 N/A |
|--|--|--|--------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|------------------------|----------------|--|
| | | | | N/A N/A N/A | N/A | | | | |
| rritation/Corrosion | | | | | | | | | |
| Product/ingredient name | Resul | t | Species | | Score | Score Exposure | | O | oservation |
| benzyl alcohol 3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine | Eyes - Irritant Skin - Moderate irr Eyes - Cornea opa Skin - Severe irrita | acity | Pig Ra | bbit bbit bbit | 2 24 ł | | 0 Percent - hours - | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | | | 1 | | | | | | |
| Skin Eyes Respiratory <u>Sensitisation</u> | Causes severe :Causes seriousBased on availa | eye damage | Э. | Ū | eria are | not me | et. | | |
| Product/ingredient name | Route of exposure | | Species | | | Result | | | |
| 3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine | skin | Guinea pig | | Sensitisir | | | | | |
| Respiratory <u>Mutagenicity</u> Conclusion/Summary <u>Carcinogenicity</u> | Based on availaBased on availa | | | | | | | | |
| Product/ingredient name | Result | • | | Species | | Dose | | F | cposure |
| - | Negative - Oral - T | | Rat | opeolog | - | 2000 | | | veeks; 5 |
| benzyl alcohol | Negative - Olai - I | D | Rai | | - | | | | |
| benzyl alcohol Conclusion/Summary Reproductive toxicity Conclusion/Summary Feratogenicity | : Based on availa | ble data, the | e class | | eria are | | d et. | | per week |
| Conclusion/Summary Reproductive toxicity Conclusion/Summary | : Based on availa | ble data, the | e class e class | | eria are | | et. et. | ays | |
| Conclusion/Summary Reproductive toxicity Conclusion/Summary Feratogenicity | : Based on availa : Based on availa Result Negative - Route o | ble data, the ble data, the | e class e class | ification crit | eria are eria are | not me | et. et. | ays | per week |
| Conclusion/Summary Reproductive toxicity Conclusion/Summary Feratogenicity Product/ingredient name | : Based on availa : Based on availa Result Negative - Route o unreported Negative - Route o | ble data, the ble data, the t of exposure | e class e class | ification crit Species | eria are eria are e 550 r | not me Dose | d et. et. - | ays | per week |

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

| Information on likely routes of exposure | : | Not available. |
|--|---|--|
| Potential acute health effects | | |
| Eye contact | : | Causes serious eye damage. |
| Inhalation | 1 | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Skin contact | 1 | Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Ingestion | : | Harmful if swallowed. |
| Symptoms related to the physical sector of th | | al. chemical and toxicological characteristics |
| Eye contact | : | Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness |
| Inhalation | 1 | No specific data. |
| Skin contact | : | Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur |
| Ingestion | : | Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains |

| Delayed and immediate effect | ts as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure |
|--------------------------------|---|
| <u>Short term exposure</u> | |
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |
| <u>Long term exposure</u> | |
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |
| Potential chronic health eff | ects |
| Not available. | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| General | : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels. |
| Carcinogenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Mutagenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Reproductive toxicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|--|------------------------------------|--|----------|
| benzyl alcohol | Acute EC50 770 mg/l | Algae | 72 hours |
| - | Acute LC50 646 mg/l | Fish - Leuciscus idus | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 460000 μg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) | 96 hours |
| | Acute NOEC 310 mg/l | Algae | 72 hours |
| 3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine | Acute EC50 37 mg/l | Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 23 mg/l | Daphnia spec. | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 110 mg/l | Fish | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 3 mg/l | Daphnia spec. | 21 days |

Conclusion/Summary : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Test | Result | | Dose | Inoculum |
|--|------------------------|---|----------------|--------------|-------------------------|
| benzyl alcohol 3-aminomethyl- | OECD 301A OECD 303A | 96 % - Readily - 21 days 42 % - Not readily - 3 days | | - | - |
| 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine | OECD 301A | 8 % - Not readily - 2 | 8 days | - | - |
| Conclusion/Summary | | able data, the classific biodegradation. | cation criteri | a are not me | t. This product has not |
| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | | Photolysis | 5 | Biodegradability |
| benzyl alcohol 3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine | - | | - | | Readily Not readily |

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|---|--------|------|-----------|
| benzyl alcohol | 0,87 | - | low |
| 4,4'-lsopropylidenediphenol, | - | 5,13 | low |
| oligomeric reaction products with 1-chloro- | | | |
| 2,3-epoxypropane, reaction | | | |
| products with 3-aminomethyl- | | | |
| 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine | | | |
| 3-aminomethyl- | 0,99 | - | low |
| 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine | | | |

| 12.4 Mobility in soil | |
|-----------------------|------------------|
| Soil/water partition | : Not available. |
| coefficient (Koc) | |
| Mobility | : Not available. |

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

13.1 Waste treatment methods

| <u>roduct</u> | |
|-----------------------|---|
| Methods of disposal | : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. |
| lazardous waste | : Yes. |
| European waste catalo | gue (EWC) |
| Waste code | Waste designation |
| 08 01 11* | waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances |

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

| | ADR/RID | ADN | IMDG | IATA |
|------------------------------------|--|--|--|---|
| 14.1 UN number or ID number | UN2735 | UN2735 | UN2735 | UN2735 |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name | Amines, liquid, corrosive, N.O.S. (3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine) | Amines, liquid, corrosive, N.O.S. (3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine) | Amines, liquid, corrosive, N.O.S. (3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine) | Amines, liquid, corrosive, N.O.S. (3-aminomethyl- 3,5,5-trimethylcyclohexylamine |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| 14.4 Packing group | Ш | Ш | Ш | Ш |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. | No. |
| Additional information | Limited quantity 5L Tunnel code (E) | | Emergency schedules Remarks : ≤ 5L: Limited Quantity - IMDG 3.4 | Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 5 L. Packaging instructions 852. Cargo Aircraft Only: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 856. Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft: 1 L. Packaging instructions: Y 841. |

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instruments

| SECTION 14: T | ransport informa | ation | |
|---------------|------------------|-------|--|
| | | | |
| | | | |

| 14.6 Special precautions for user | : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage. | |
|---|---|--|
| 14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO | : Not available. | |

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

| 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture |
|--|
| Other EU regulations |
| VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture IIA/j. Two-pack reactive performance coatings for specific end use such as floors. EU limit value for this product : 500g/l (2010.) This product contains a maximum of 181 g/l VOC. |
| Industrial emissions : Not listed (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air |
| Industrial emissions : Not listed (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water |
| United Kingdom: Great Britain |
| UK (GB) /REACH |
| Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation |
| Annex XIV |
| None of the components are listed. |
| Substances of very high concern |
| None of the components are listed. |
| Ozone depleting substances Not listed. |
| Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed. |
| Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed. |
| Aerosol dispensers : |
| Seveso Directive |
| This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive. |
| Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable. on the manufacture, |
| placing on the market and |
| use of certain dangerous |
| substances, mixtures and articles |
| International regulations |
| Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants |
| |

| ECTION 15: Regulatory information | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----|------------------------------|---|------------------|
| List name | | | Ingredient name | Status |
| Not listed. | | | | |
| Rotterdam Convention on P | rio | r Informed Con | sent (PIC) | |
| Not listed. | | | | |
| UNECE Aarhus Protocol on | PO | Ps and Heavy | <u>Metals</u> | |
| List name | | | Ingredient name | Status |
| Not listed. | | | | |
| CN code : 3209 90 00 | 00 | | | |
| Inventory list | | | | |
| Australia | : | All components | s are listed or exempted. | |
| Canada | : | All components | s are listed or exempted. | |
| China | : | All components | s are listed or exempted. | |
| Eurasian Economic Union | : | Russian Fede | ration inventory: Not determined. | |
| Japan | ; | | bry (CSCL) : All components are listed or exempted. bry (ISHL) : Not determined. | |
| New Zealand | : | All components | s are listed or exempted. | |
| Philippines | : | All components | s are listed or exempted. | |
| Republic of Korea | : | All components | s are listed or exempted. | |
| Taiwan | : | All components | s are listed or exempted. | |
| Thailand | : | Not determined | 1. | |
| Turkey | : | All components | s are listed or exempted. | |
| United States | : | Not determined | 1. | |
| Viet Nam | ; | Not determined | 1. | |
| 15.2 Chemical safety assessment | : | This product co required. | ontains substances for which Chemical Safety Asses | sments are still |

SECTION 16: Other information

 \checkmark Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

| Abbreviations and acronyms | 1 | ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate |
|----------------------------|---|---|
| | | CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. |
| | | 1272/2008] |
| | | DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level |
| | | DNEL = Derived No Effect Level |
| | | EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement |
| | | N/A = Not available |
| | | PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic |
| | | PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration |
| | | RRN = REACH Registration Number |
| | | SGG = Segregation Group |
| | | vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative |

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

| Classification | Justification |
|-------------------------|-----------------|
| Acute Tox. 4, H302 | Expert judgment |
| Skin Corr. 1C, H314 | Expert judgment |
| Eye Dam. 1, H318 | Expert judgment |
| Skin Sens. 1, H317 | Expert judgment |
| Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | Expert judgment |

Full text of abbreviated H statements

United Kingdom: Great Britain

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| SECTION 16: Other | ormation | |
|---|---|--|
| Full text of abbreviated H statements | H302 Harmful if swallowed. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. | |
| Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS] | Acute Tox. 4ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4AquaticLONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - CategorChronic 3Eye Dam. 1SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1Eye Irrit. 2SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2Skin Corr. 1BSKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1BSkin Corr. 1CSKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1CSkin Sens. 1SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1Skin Sens. 1ASKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A | |
| Date of printing | 30/07/2022 | |
| Date of issue/ Date of revision | 30/07/2022 | |
| Date of previous issue | 30/07/2022 | |
| Version | 3 | |
| Notice to reader | | |

IMPORTANT NOTE: The information in this Safety Data Sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and current legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects of the product and should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance or suitability for particular applications. The information contained in this data sheet (as may be amended from time to time) is not intended to be exhaustive and is presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date on which it is prepared. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product to which it relates. Persons using the information must make their own determinations as to the suitability of the relevant product for their purposes prior to use. Where those purposes are other than as specifically recommended in this safety data sheet, then the user uses the product at their own risk.

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Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.